

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Colorado Pesticide Standard Mixture 1 for Cannabis Testing

**Other means of identification**

**Item** M-COPESTMIX1A1

**Recommended use** Not available.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information****Manufacturer**

**Company name** Chem Service, Inc.  
**Address** 660 Tower Lane  
 West Chester, PA 19380  
 United States

**Telephone** Toll Free 800-452-9994  
 Direct 610-692-3026

**Website** www.chemservice.com

**E-mail** info@chemservice.com

**Emergency phone number** Chemtrec US 800-424-9300  
 Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

**Label elements**

**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement****Prevention**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

<b>Response</b>	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	99.87% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 99.87% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetonitrile		75-05-8	99.87
Abamectin		71751-41-2	0.01
Azoxystrobin		131860-33-8	0.01
Bifenazate		149877-41-8	0.01
Etoxazole		153233-91-1	0.01
Imazalil		35554-44-0	0.01
Imidacloprid		138261-41-3	0.01
Malathion		121-75-5	0.01
Myclobutanil		88671-89-0	0.01
Permethrin		52645-53-1	0.01
Spinosad		168316-95-8	0.01
Spiromesifen		283594-90-1	0.01
Spirotetramat		203313-25-1	0.01
Tebuconazole		107534-96-3	0.01

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Convulsions. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in freezer (<0 °C).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	PEL	70 mg/m3 40 ppm	
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)	PEL	5 mg/m3	

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	TWA	20 ppm	
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	TWA	34 mg/m3 20 ppm
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Exposure guidelines

#### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

Skin designation applies.

Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Skin designation applies.
<b>US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation</b>	
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
<b>US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation</b>	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
<b>US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation</b>	
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
<b>US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)</b>	
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls** Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Dust & vapor respirator.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations** When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-49 °F (-45 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	178.88 °F (81.6 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	42.0 °F (5.6 °C) estimated
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	3 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	16 % estimated
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.

<b>Vapor pressure</b>	118.4 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.

<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	975.2 °F (524 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	0.7875 g/cm3 estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	99.87 % estimated
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.79 estimated
<b>VOC</b>	99.87 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Toxic if inhaled.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Toxic in contact with skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Toxic if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**      Convulsions. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**      Toxic if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if swallowed.

<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
Abamectin (CAS 71751-41-2)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	10 mg/kg
Etoxazole (CAS 153233-91-1)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	4274 mg/kg
Imazalil (CAS 35554-44-0)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	4200 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	16 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	227 mg/kg
Imidacloprid (CAS 138261-41-3)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 0.069 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	450 mg/kg
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	2460 - 6150 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	0.0438 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	290 mg/kg
Myclobutanil (CAS 88671-89-0)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	1600 mg/kg
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	3.4 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	430 mg/kg
Spinosad (CAS 168316-95-8)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 5.18 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Tebuconazole (CAS 107534-96-3)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	0.82 mg/l, 4 Hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

Malathion (CAS 121-75-5) 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not regulated.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens**

Not listed.

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) 0.0007 - 0.0014 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> ) 0.04 - 0.052 mg/l, 96 hours
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) 0.0006 - 0.0025 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Apache trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus gilae apache</i> ) 0.0013 - 0.0022 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability****Bioaccumulative potential****Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

Acetonitrile	-0.34
Azoxystrobin	2.5
Bifenazate	3.4
Imazalil	3.82
Malathion	2.36
Myclobutanil	2.94
Permethrin	6.5

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

**13. Disposal considerations**

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).



**Contaminated packaging**

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information****DOT**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1648
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Acetonitrile, solution (Acetonitrile RQ = 5007 LBS), MARINE POLLUTANT (Malathion)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	IB2, T7, TP2
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	202
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1648
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Acetonitrile solution (Acetonitrile)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1648
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	ACETONITRILE SOLUTION (Acetonitrile), MARINE POLLUTANT
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>EmS</b>	F-E, S-D
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not established.

**DOT**

IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



**General information** IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	Listed.
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Listed.
Permethrin (CAS 52645-53-1)	Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

<b>Hazard categories</b>	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - No
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	99.87

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**US state regulations** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

Imazalil (CAS 35554-44-0)	Listed: May 20, 2011
Malathion (CAS 121-75-5)	Listed: May 20, 2016

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

Abamectin (CAS 71751-41-2)	Listed: December 3, 2010
Myclobutanil (CAS 88671-89-0)	Listed: April 16, 1999

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin**

Myclobutanil (CAS 88671-89-0)	Listed: April 16, 1999
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**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	
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**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Issue date</b>	02-07-2018
<b>Revision date</b>	10-17-2019
<b>Version #</b>	03
<b>NFPA ratings</b>	Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

**Disclaimer**

The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

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**Revision information**